

Equalities, Difference and Cohesion Policy

Legal Duties

We welcome our duties under the Disability Discrimination Act 1995 and 2005; the Race Relations Act 1976 as amended by the Race Relations Amendment Act 2000; and the Sex Discrimination Act 1975 as amended by the Equality Act 2006.

We welcome our duty under the Education and Inspections Act 2006 to promote community cohesion.

We recognise that these four sets of duties are essential for achieving the five outcomes of the Every Child Matters framework, and that they reflect International human rights standards as expressed in the UN Convention on the Rights of People with Disabilities, and the Human Rights Act 1998.

Summaries of our legal obligations are provided in Appendix A.

Guiding Principles

In fulfilling the legal obligations referred to above and summarised in Appendix A, we are guided by seven principles:

Principle 1: All pupils are of equal value.

We see all pupils and potential pupils, and their parents and carers, as of equal value:

- whether or not they are disabled.
- whatever their ethnicity; culture, religious affiliation, national origin or national status.
- whichever their gender.

Principle 2: We recognise and respect difference.

Treating people equally does not necessarily involve treating them all the same. Our policies, procedures and activities must not discriminate but are differentiated, as appropriate, to take account of differences of life-experience, outlook and background, and in the kinds of barrier and disadvantage which people may face, in relation to:

- disability; so that reasonable adjustments are made.
- ethnicity, so that different cultural backgrounds and experiences of prejudice are recognised.
- gender, so that the different needs and experiences of girls and boys, and women and men, are recognised.

Principle 3: We foster positive attitudes, relationships, and a shared sense of cohesion and belonging.

We intend that our policies, procedures and activities promote:

- positive attitudes towards disabled people, good relations between disabled and non-disabled people, and an absence of harassment of disabled people.
- positive interaction, good relations and dialogue between groups and communities different from each other in terms of ethnicity, culture, religious affiliation, national origin or national status, and an absence of prejudice-related bullying.
- mutual respect and good relations between boys and girls, women and men, and an absence of sexual harassment.

Principle 4: Staff recruitment, retention and development.

We ensure that policies and procedures should benefit all employees, for example in recruitment and promotion, and in continuing professional development:

- whether or not they are disabled.
- whatever their ethnicity; culture, religious affiliation, national origin or national status.
- whichever their gender.

Principle 5: We aim to reduce and remove inequalities and barriers that already exist.

In addition to avoiding or minimising possible negative impacts of our policies, we take opportunities to maximise positive impacts by reducing and removing inequalities and barriers that may already exist between:

- disabled and non-disabled people.
- people of different ethnic, cultural and religious backgrounds.
- girls and boys, women and men.

Principle 6: We consult widely.

People affected by a policy or activity should be consulted and involved in the design of new policies, and in the review of existing ones. We involve:

- disabled people as well as non-disabled.
- people from a range of ethnic, cultural and religious backgrounds.
- both women and men, and boys and girls.

Principle 7: Society as a whole should benefit.

We intend that our policies and activities should benefit society as a whole, both locally and nationally, by fostering greater social cohesion, and greater participation in public life of:

- disabled people as well as non-disabled.
- people from a range of ethnic, cultural and religious backgrounds.
- both women and men, and boys and girls.

Action Plans

We recognise that the actions resulting from a policy statement such as this are what make a difference. Each year we draw up an action plan within the framework of the overall school improvement plan, setting out the specific actions and projects we shall undertake to implement the principles in paragraph 5 above.

The Curriculum

We keep each curriculum subject or area under review in order to ensure that teaching and learning reflect the seven principles in paragraph 5 above.

Ethos and Organisation

We ensure that the principles listed in paragraph 5 above apply to the full range of our policies and practices, including those that are concerned with:

- learners' progress, attainment and achievement.
- learners' personal development, welfare and wellbeing.
- teaching styles and strategies.
- admissions and attendance.
- staff recruitment, retention and professional development.
- care, guidance and support.
- behaviour, discipline and exclusions.
- working in partnership with parents, careers and guardians.
- working with the wider community.

Addressing Prejudice and Prejudice-related Bullying

The school is opposed to all forms of prejudice which stand in the way of fulfilling the legal duties referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2:

- prejudices around disability and special educational needs.

- prejudices around racism and xenophobia, including those that are directed towards religious groups and communities, for example anti-Semitism and Islamophobia, and those that are directed against Travellers, migrants, Refugees and people seeking asylum.
- prejudices reflecting sexism and homophobia.

There is guidance in the staff handbook on how prejudice-related incidents should be identified, assessed, recorded and dealt with. We take seriously our obligation to report regularly to the local authority about numbers, types and seriousness of prejudice-related incidents at our school and how they are dealt with.

Roles and Responsibilities

The governing body is responsible for ensuring that the school complies with legislation, and that this policy and its related procedures and action plan are implemented. A member of the governing body has a watching brief regarding the implementation of this policy. The headteacher is responsible for implementing the policy; for ensuring that all staff are aware of their responsibilities and are given appropriate training and support; and for taking appropriate action in any cases of unlawful discrimination, and for day-to-day responsibility for co-ordinating implementation of the policy. All staff are expected to:

- promote an inclusive and collaborative ethos in their classroom.
- deal with any prejudice-related incidents that may occur.
- plan and deliver curricula and lessons that reflect the principles in paragraph 5 above.
- support pupils in their class for whom English is an additional language.
- keep up-to-date with equalities legislation relevant to their work.

Information and Resources

We ensure that the content of this policy is known to all staff and governors and, as appropriate, to all pupils and their parents and carers. All staff and governors have access to a selection of resources which discuss and explain concepts of equality; diversity and community cohesion in appropriate detail.

Religious Observance

We respect the religious beliefs and practice of all staff, pupils and parents, and comply with reasonable requests relating to religious observance and practice.

Staff Development and Training

We ensure that all staff, including support and administrative staff, receive appropriate training and opportunities for professional development, both as individuals and as groups or teams.

Breaches of the Policy

Breaches of this policy will be dealt with in the same ways that breaches of other school policies are dealt with, as determined by the Headteacher and governing body.

Monitoring and Evaluation

We collect, study and use quantitative and qualitative data relating to the implementation of this policy, and make adjustments as appropriate. In particular we collect, analyse and use data in relation to achievement, broken down as appropriate according to disabilities and special educational needs, ethnicity, culture, language, religious affiliation, national origin and national status; and gender.